

Course Specification

A. Course Information						
Final award title(s)	BSc (Hons) in E	Biomedical Scier	nce (FT)			
Intermediate exit award title(s)	Certificate in High	gher Education (ner Education (D				
UCAS Code	C500			Course Code(s)	5896	
Awarding Institution	London South E	Bank University		, ,		
School	⊠ ASC □ AC	I □ BEA □	BUS [∃ENG □ H	SC 🗆 L	SS
Division	Human Science	es				
Course Director	Name: Shpresa Email: <u>halitis@l</u>					
Delivery site(s) for course(s)	⊠ Southwark ☐ Other: please	☐ Have e specify	ering			
Mode(s) of delivery	⊠Full time	□Part time	□Sa	ndwich		
Length of course/start						
and finish dates						
and miisii dates	Mode	Length	Start -	Finis	sh –	
and minsh dates	Mode	Length years	Start – month	Finis		
and minsh dates	Mode Full time			mon		
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Is this course generally suitable for students	Full time Full time with placement/ sandwich year Part time Part time with Placement/ sandwich	years 3	month	ber July	th	

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	Students are	advised that	the structure/nature of the course is
	suitable for t	hose on a Tieı	⁻ 4 visa but other factors will be taken
	into account	before a CAS	number is allocated.
Approval dates:	Course(s) va	alidated	July 2019
	Course revie	ew date	2024
	Course spec		July 2024
Professional, Statutory & Regulatory Body accreditation		iomedical Scie	ence (IBMS)
Reference points:	Internal	Academic Qu LSBU Missic LSBU Core S LSBU Acade	rate Strategy 2020 -2025 uality and Enhancement Manual on Statement and Strategic Plan Skills Policy emic Regulations nces School Roadmap 2020-2025
	External	OfS Condition Subject Bender Science (QA) Framework for SEEC Credited Criteria and Re-accredita	ns of Registration guidance chmark Statement for Biomedical

B. Course Aims and Features

Distinctive features of course

This innovative programme is designed primarily for those students wishing to pursue careers as biomedical scientists in clinical service laboratories in any of the BMS specialist fields (Blood Science, Cellular Pathology, Clinical Microbiology or Molecular Science) or in biomedical research and pharmaceutical industry. "An honours degree in Biomedical Science accredited by the IBMS is acceptable as a preliminary academic qualification for registration with the Health and Care Professions Council (HCPC). By undertaking a period of laboratory training and completion of the Institute's Registration Training Portfolio for the award of a Certificate of Competence, individuals are able to demonstrate they meet the fitness to practice standards (HCPC Standards of Proficiency) required for registration as a biomedical scientist. The degree gives eligibility for Licentiate membership of the IBMS" (Criteria and Requirements for Accreditation and Re-accreditation of BSc (Hons) degrees in Biomedical Science (final-4, 2020-2021).

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The course provides students with understanding and in-depth knowledge of human health and disease, and with embedded employability skills. In addition, two modules are entirely dedicated to developing employability skills and work experience. Students will acquire knowledge, intellectual and practical skills to understand human disorders and means of disease diagnosis and treatment through laboratory testing.

A distinctive feature of the course is that it introduces the students to state-of-the-art tools used in precision medicine, such as bioinformatics, genomics, transcriptomics, proteomics, and high-throughput drug screening geared towards molecular target identification and targeted therapeutics. This falls under the BMS specialist field of Molecular Science. Furthermore, students will be trained to apply their knowledge to offer solutions and to develop opportunities in a wide range of clinical settings and industries that require a broad understanding of biomedical science

All the required core- and subject-specific biomedical science areas are covered as core modules in this course. Therefore, all students will gain the subject knowledge, practical and transferable skills that enable them to work as biomedical scientists, regardless of their chosen career track. In addition, the course allows students, through optional modules and/or University shared modules, to gain knowledge in areas, such as clinical, and pharmaceutical sciences. Graduates with BSc (Hons) Biomedical Science (FT) may apply for medical school (if they meet all the criteria required for graduate entry medicine), or pursue careers in biomedical research and, pharmaceutical industry.

Course Aims

The BSc (Hons) in Biomedical Science aims to:

- Enable students to understand the biology of human health and disease, including the basic knowledge of human anatomy and physiology, cell biology, genetics and molecular biology, biochemistry, immunology, and microbiology.
- 2. Provide students with practical and laboratory skills relevant to the field of biomedical science and enable them to design and carry out an independent research project.
- 3. Provide the knowledge and understanding of disease processes in the context of laboratory investigations through clinical modules such as cellular pathology and imaging, clinical biochemistry, haematology and blood transfusion, and medical microbiology
- 4. Provide competency in data analysis, statistics, numeracy, an overview of big data analysis, and health informatics through the modules of bioinformatics and research skills for biomedical scientist, and clinical OMICS and precision medicine.

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- 5. Make students aware of employability pathways early on, and develop their leadership skills, analytical thinking, critical evaluation, and entrepreneurial skills, teamwork, time management, negotiation skills and communication skills, particularly those from local areas in accordance with the policies and practice of equality and diversity.
- Develop students' awareness of the need for compliance with health and safety policies, good laboratory practice, risk and COSHH assessments, the Human Tissue Act and the importance of quality control and quality assurance.

Course Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of the course:

A. Students will demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

- A1. The basic biology of human health and disease represented by the disciplines of human anatomy and physiology, cellular, genetic, and molecular biology, microbiology, immunology, chemistry, and biochemistry.
- A2. Basic principles of laboratory-based diagnostic and analytical techniques used in clinical pathology, human haematology and clinical immunology, clinical biochemistry and blood transfusion, and medical microbiology.
- A3. Aetiology, progression, and diagnosis of human diseases to support clinical management and treatment selection.
- A4. Bioinformatic and statistical principles for analysis of big data for the study of genomics, proteomics and transcriptomics, and their application in precision medicine.
- A5. Research design, quantitative/qualitative methods, critical review of evidence in the biomedical sciences, data interpretation, reporting, biosafety, ethics, and conduct.

B. Students will develop their intellectual skills such that they are able to:

- B1. Apply theories, paradigms, concepts, or subject-specific principles to a new context.
- B2. Obtain and integrate lines of subject-specific evidence to formulate hypotheses, design experiments, critically evaluate data and use it to develop research proposal.
- B3. Demonstrate independence of thought to identify the key features of a problem and suggest possible means of investigation.

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- B4. Keep abreast of current insights in core and specialist areas of biomedical science.
- B5. Recognise the moral and ethical issues of investigations and appreciate the need for ethical standards and professional codes of conduct.
- B6. Synthesise, analyse, and summarise a body of information and come to an informed and logically consistent conclusion.

C. Students will acquire and develop practical skills such that they are able to:

- C1. Demonstrate competence in the basic experimental skills relevant to cell and molecular biology, genetics, human anatomy and physiology, medical microbiology, cellular pathology, and imaging, clinical biochemistry, and blood transfusion.
- C2. Demonstrate knowledge of quality assurance and quality control principles, hazard identification, risk assessment and safety procedures associated with a particular technique or methodology.
- C3. Select and apply appropriate techniques and evaluate alternative methodologies for an investigation or to complete a process.
- C4. Undertake practical investigations in a responsible, safe, and ethical manner, while observing relevant health and safety regulations.
- C5. Organise and allocate duties, set targets, and evaluate progress in achieving specific technical goals, evaluate own performance and performance of others within a team.
- C6. Use relevant numerical quantitative techniques and demonstrate competence in bioinformatic and statistical methods to validate, calibrate and analyse big data.
- C7. Present data in seminars or small-group tutorials to develop interpersonal skills such as information retrieval, problem-solving, communication and team working.
- C8. Demonstrate competence in the use of word-processors, spreadsheets, biological databases, and data presentation packages.

D. Students will acquire and develop transferrable skills such that they are able to:

D1. Identify individual and collective goals and responsibilities.

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- D2. Develop the ability to work on one's own initiative and manage one's own time to meet deadlines.
- D3. Develop negotiation skills, and lifelong learning in the field of biomedical science including enterprise and knowledge transfer skills.
- D4. Provide reflective and evidence-based solutions to problems.
- D5. Recognise and respect the views and opinions of other team members.
- D6. Evaluate their own performance as an individual and as a team member, as well as the performance of others.
- D7. Develop a flexible and effective approach to study and work.
- D8. Communicate ideas, arguments, and concepts in a rational and systematic way, using a variety of media.
- D9. Clearly communicate in writing for both academic and lay audiences.
- D10. Use the full range of sources of information, citing references properly and avoiding plagiarism.

C. Teaching and Learning Strategy

- i) The teaching and learning (T&L) strategy employed in the course is designed to encourage a progressive approach towards the acquisition of subject knowledge and practical skills in a gradual manner, thus leading the students from a greater level of support provided in level 4 towards a more independent and self-directed learning at level 6
- ii) Teaching and learning activities vary based on the module aims and learning outcomes. All modules offered at level 4 provide the basic background of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Cell Biology, Human Anatomy and Physiology, Genetics and Molecular Biology, Microbiology, and Immunology (A1) through a blend of keynote lectures, tutorials, group work, flipped learning, and problem-based learning activities. Many of the first-year modules develop and assess practical skills for which students have to demonstrate competence. The laboratory-based practical will predominantly use approaches that engage students through structured laboratory demonstrations, practical experiments, group work, and problem-based learning. Attendance/passing laboratory practical is compulsory to achieve an accredited degree. Developing the students' employability skills is of prime importance and these skills are introduced at L4 through the module "Employability Skills in Biomedicine".
- iii) After students gain the fundamental background in core biological subjects at level 4, they will be introduced at level 5 to modules dealing with aetiology of human disease, disease progression, diagnosis, and treatment (A2 and A3). These modules include Cell Pathology and Imaging, Human Haematology and Clinical Immunology and Clinical Biochemistry and Blood transfusion, which provide students with basic necessary skills to perform diagnostic tests in hospitals or in clinical laboratory settings. During level 5,

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the students will be also introduced into essentials of Bioinformatics, Biostatistics and into Research skills for Biomedical Scientists (A4); thus, allowing an assessment of student ability in Mathematics, Statistics, Bioinformatics and English. The social and ethical context of Biomedicine also begins in the Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists module where students discuss case studies on some aspects of scientific ethics. The latter emphasises critical review and argument development using exercises, and reviews current key biomedical issues (A5). This module also begins the student's induction into the scientific method (A5). The latter is further developed in the third year (level 6) in the Research Project in Biomedicine module, which concentrates on data generation, analysis, and presentation, including accessing and review of published sources. This module provides additional practice and assessment of research skills and scientific writing, and the students have to research and develop a workable project proposal to be conducted in their final year (A5).

- iv) At level 6, students will continue to receive training in clinical sciences such as in Medical and Public Health Microbiology. The Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists module offered to the students at level 5 serves as a background for the Clinical OMICS and Precision Medicine module at level 6 (A5). The latter deals with current technologies in genomics, transcriptomics, and proteomics used in precision medicine for diagnosis, patients' stratification, and treatment options. This module will also introduce the students to the basics of systems biology (A5). In addition, students will select two optional modules relevant to the career choice.
- v) Lectures will convey major elements of the subject-specific content and provide explanations of difficult concepts. Lectures will facilitate the development of students' active listening skills, and enable them to appreciate how information is structured, and presented. Additionally, lectures will involve computer-based aids, and multimedia, as well as will encourage the interactive participation of students in groups.
- vi) A schedule of personal tutoring monitors student progress especially during the first year. The details of this and the action taken by the student to address any weaknesses will be recorded (see Appendix B).
- vii) All modules employ teaching methods that encourage students to consider and challenge the evidence with which they are presented. The assessment schedule requires students to question and evaluate the arguments surrounding some key concept or principle. This may be formally assessed or simply part of group discussions, debates or as part of some problem-solving exercises. Biology of the Cell, Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology at level 4 introduce the students to current thinking over a range of rapidly developing areas in biology and biomedicine, and to look at the different approaches being adopted to analyse these in a series of inclass workshops and coursework tasks (B1and B2). Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists at level 5 and the Research Project in Biomedicine module at level 6 have specific lectures on how to approach the primary literature and evaluate the evidence presented (B1, B2, B3, B4). This is assessed by the project proposal the student is required to generate as part of this module (B2), in preparation for their final year, and which must include a preliminary experimental design (B2, B3). The topics selected for the research proposal must be current and up to date, thus requiring the students to keep abreast of current insights in core and specialist areas of biomedical science (B4). According to the criteria for IBMS accreditation (2020-2021), the research

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project will be either lab-based, or in bioinformatics or biostatistics such as metaanalysis. Additionally, the research proposal will have to be approved by the research ethics committee at the school, thus requiring the students to recognise the moral and ethical issues of investigations and appreciate the need for ethical standards and professional codes of conduct (B5). The final year project report must finish by placing the findings in the context of current thinking (B6).

- viii) Laboratory skills and technical proficiency in analytical methods are developed from the first year to the third-year modules through practical elements that offer subject-specific techniques (C1, C2 and C3). This is further reiterated during the final year Project.
- ix) Through the two employability-focused modules (Employability skills in Biomedical Science at L4 and Work Experience in Biomedical Science at L5) we will provide the students with the opportunity to apply the intellectual (B1-6), the practical (C1-8), and transferable skills (D1-10) acquired throughout the program and will prepare them for their chosen careers. Additionally, at L5, each student will select one optional module relevant to their career choice.
- x) A key emphasis of the Biomedical Science programme is the development of the student's practical and analytical skills through subject-specific and generic practical. Students are inducted into teamwork skills, and into health and safety regulations, and their evaluation from their first sessions in Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists (C4). Part of their assessment is to evaluate their performance and that of their group, to encourage them to be reflective about their approach (C5), and to manage their activity to best effect.
- xi) Skills in Biostatistics and Bioinformatics, and *in silico* approaches to practical work are developed at level 5 and 6 to analyse big data using relevant biological databases (C6).
- xii) Presentation skills are practiced from level 4 and extend up to level 6 in most modules. Group work, including the use of word processing software, spreadsheets and presentations that review recent scientific literature, features in several subject-specific modules at level 5 and 6 and in the Research Project in Biomedicine module (C7 and C8). Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists and subject-specific modules encourage the students to consider alternative ways to approach specific problems, or to address specific questions (C1, C2, C3), typically through their practical work. In this way we are able to build student confidence in their technical and practical skills and reinforce the basic concepts delivered in the associated lecture programme.
- xiii) The transferable skills are fully mapped through the curriculum, principally through the core modules. Career Management Skills will be offered through the Employability skills in Biomedical Science at level 4, in addition to the annual employability workshop, in which the course team and representatives from relevant sectors will give talks about career options and skills required for different career pathways. The module and workshop will also involve group work facilitated by staff members to help the students identify individual goals (D1), and to introduce them to negotiation skills and self-development skills (D3). This is to ensure that personal development planning is mapped throughout the course, is obvious, and transparent to the students and is fully supported by the personal tutoring system from the first year. There is also subsequent testing of scientific writing skills (D9) and preparation for researching future possible

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- careers. A number of further tasks assessed in Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists measures students' progress in managing their own learning (D2) and students are required to assume responsibility for this, under the guidance of their personal tutor. In-class worksheets, problem-solving exercises and group-based work at level 4 and level 5 provide rapid feedback and encourage students to review and develop their approaches to their learning (D4, D7). Across most modules students are required to work in teams, and to present in front of peers to develop communication skills (D8), the skills of respecting opinions of other team members (D5), and the skills of evaluating their own- and others' performance (D6). Through preparing their final year project students will learn to cite references and avoid plagiarism (D10).
- xiv) Excellent command of technical English is essential for biomedical scientists. Students whose first language is not English will have several opportunities to improve their language skills on the levels of reading, comprehension, speaking and writing so that at the point of graduation they must attain the equivalent of IELTS level 7.0. All lectures, tutorials and laboratories are in English. Presentation and writing skills are practiced from level 4 and extend up to level 6 in most modules, culminating with writing a research project of 8000 words at L6 and presenting the results in a viva voce. English language skills are also embedded within the "academic skills development plan" that the School of Applied Sciences will scaffold around degree programs to specifically develop both academic/graduate and employability skills in our students and ensure increased opportunity for student success and progression to employment. These skills include the development of reading and writing skills. All enrolled BMS students will be required to complete the Personal Development Plan and write a reflection about the results during the first two weeks of the first year of study (L4). Themes within the academic skills development toolkit, including development of English reading and writing skills are available through this link: https://www.lsbu.ac.uk/research/academicskills-toolkit. Additionally, students may want to join the preparation for IELTS course at Lambeth College, which is part of the LSBU group. This course is designed for students who would like to improve their language skills for study or job in the UK. On this course students will practice and improve their reading and writing skills and undergo intense study and practice grammar. More information about this course is available at https://www.southbankcolleges.ac.uk/courses/esol/preparation-for-ielts.
- xv) Digitally Enhanced Learning will be incorporated into the T&L strategy to develop and support learning. Examples will include the University VLE (Moodle), Panopto lecture capture and on-line formative assessment platforms, discussion groups and remote tutorial support.
- xvi)Students will be expected to engage in independent learning as outlined in each of the module descriptor documents which will be made available on the Moodle sites. Where appropriate this learning will be guided by staff via tasks set in class and on the VLE.
- xvii) A wide range of subject-related resources are available within the LSBU Library. These reflect a typical academic repository that includes access to textbooks, licensed E-journal subscriptions, scientific databases, interactive e-learning platforms, and multimedia. Moreover, students have access to site-licensed software and assistive technologies to support their learning (if registered for Disability and/or specific learning difficulties).

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- xviii) The current infrastructure is well equipped to support the course. There are a total of 7 teaching and research laboratories that provide a rich learning environment for combining theory and practice. Each contains state-of-the art equipment to support delivery across all core and specialist modules.
- xix)The core staff that will teach on the programme comprise: 1 Professor, 2 Associate Professors, 2 Senior Lecturers, and 3 Lecturers (at the time of writing). Contributions to the programme may also be made by guest lecturers, external practitioners from the NHS as hourly paid lecturers and postdoctoral trainees. All staff are appropriately qualified and where postdoctoral trainees are involved, they will be appropriately trained and supervised.

D. Assessment

- Assessment will be progressive in terms of level and content and leads to effective feedback to enable development of students' knowledge and skills as per the subject benchmark statement-biomedical science-2019.
- The course will use a blend of formative and summative assessment, as well as self- and peer assessment. Formative assessment will provide structured feedback to support students in the summative task, therefore scaffolding the approach to assessment and ensuring appropriate development of critical thinking, academic writing, practical and technical comprehension, and creativity.
- Students experience variety of assessment during their first and second years, including testing of their practical and analytical skills through level 4 modules' coursework, practice tests and laboratory reports. Proficiency in Mathematics and English is assessed during the Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists module (A4). Knowledge is tested by unseen written examinations in as well using essays or problem-solving exercises across the modules (A1, A2, A3).
- Level 5 and 6 assessments is a combination of examination, a variety of coursework, including presentations, essays, in-class problem-solving exercises and calculations (A4), devising of experiments (A5), case studies and a final year project (A5). The latter develops out of an extended literature search and initial experimental design (project proposal) submitted at level 5 within Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists module.
- Most examination papers at level 5 and all at level 6 also demand the intellectual skills.
 English language skills (comprehension, reading and writing) will be assessed through
 coursework essays and extended essays at all levels. Real world problem-based
 learning exercises at all levels typically require students to work individually or
 collectively by applying their understanding of current thinking or methodologies to a
 new context (B1, B2, B3).
- Assessments in the Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists
 module require the students to demonstrate their competence using the range of
 bioinformatics tools, and statistical methods using worksheets completed on regular
 basis in compulsory workshops (C6, C8). The rest of the assessment for the latter
 module requires students to produce a viable experimental design through discussion
 with their supervisor, in preparation for their final year project (C2, C3, C4, C5).

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- Their capacity to summarise and critically evaluate methodologies is assessed in the Research Project in Biomedicine module at level 6 (C2, C3, C4, C5, C7, C8). This module also seeks to establish good investigative techniques, by applying skills and attributes acquired in other modules, and as a result of working in close association with a supervisor on a well-defined experiment (C3). The assessment here requires the student to keep a contemporaneous lab book and to produce a paper close to submission standard and defend this in a viva voce examination (C1-C8).
- A range of modules at level 4 and 5 require students to manage a task and to be able to communicate their findings to their cohort. Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists requires them to summarise the recent scientific literature on a topic and use this to develop a hypothesis and associated experimental design. Some of the higher-level attributes are only fully assessed at level 6 in the largely independent work in the research project (D1, D2, D4, D8). These require a flexible approach to data acquisition, interpretation and presentation, and the use of a full range of sources of information and proper citations (D7, D10). The development of a research proposal and establishing an investigation protocol begins in Semester II of the second year as part of the assessment of Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists (D1, D2, D8, D9).
- Employability and work experience skills are assessed at levels 4 and 5 through writing reports and group presentations, and a portfolio at L5.
- Presentations, debates, essay writing and seminars are used extensively at each level which assess these skills in addition to the students' English language skills (reading, comprehension, writing and speaking) and through feedback, students are encouraged to polish these skills up to their final year (D4, D8, D9). The case studies in Bioinformatics and Research skills for Biomedical Scientists assesses the student's ability to argue logically on a topic in scientific ethics (C2, C4). Once again, many of these skills and attributes are brought together to complete the final year project (D1-D10), and the assessment of these are one of the principal elements by which the graduate status of the student and their English language proficiency is assessed.
- Table 2 (below) shows how the course will be assessed by module. All career choices share a similar variety of summative assessment, with all comprising coursework (written essays, oral presentation, oral discussion, or group work) and the majority also include a final exam. Most modules carry several points of assessment; however, in some, there are subcomponents of the coursework comprising a blend of assessments (e.g., practical demonstration + essay, or oral presentation + module viva). In the Research Project in Biomedicine module, 50% of the overall assessment will be for the 8000- word dissertation, 15% for the interim report, 20% for the project management, and the viva voce of the work will constitute 15% of the overall summative assessment for this module.
 - Students must achieve a pass mark in all assessment components for modules that cover the clinical laboratory sciences subject areas. Condonement/compensation will not be permitted for these modules or for any other module(s) that contribute significantly to the benchmark statement and have learning outcomes that students achieve that cannot be evidenced elsewhere (IBMS criteria, 4.2 (v)).

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 In order to obtain an award, students must pass all required modules (for the relevant award: CertHE; DipHE; Honours Degree) and gain the required number of credits as stated in the LSBU regulations.

E. Academic Regulations

The University's Academic Regulations apply for this course. https://www.lsbu.ac.uk/about-us/policies-regulations-procedures

IBMS accreditation requires that the students acquire practical skills to prepare them for biomedical science careers. For this reason, attending labs is a requirement for accreditation. Condonement and compensation will not be applicable for the clinical modules specified in the IBMS course accreditation criteria, and for these modules, a minimum pass mark of 40% will be required in the assessment components. Intermediate exit awards such as Certificate in Higher Education (Cert HE) or Diploma in Higher Education (Dip HE) will not include the title Biomedical Science.

F. Entry Requirements

In order to be considered for entry to the course, applicants will be required to have the following qualifications:

Level 4 entry

- A-Level qualifications with grades BCC, which must include Biology or Human Biology, and a second STEM subject chosen from Chemistry, Physics, Mathematics, Further Mathematics, Statistics, or Psychology.
- Alternatively, you may qualify with a BTEC Extended Diploma in a relevant Science field such as Science, Life Science, Applied Science, Medical Science, or Forensic Science, with grades ranging from DMM to DDM.
- Another pathway equivalent to Level 3 Science qualifications for example International Baccalaureate
- Applicants must have a minimum of 5 GCSEs, each with grades at least C (4) or above, including Mathematics, Double or Triple Science, and English Language.
- English language qualifications for international students: IELTS score of 6.0 or Cambridge Proficiency or Advanced Grade C. Note: International students enrolled in a sandwich course and completing an IBMS registration portfolio must have obtained an IELTS score of at least 7.0, which should not be older than 2 years before applying for HCPC registration (www.hcpc-uk.org).

Direct Entry to Level 5

Students with the knowledge and skills equivalent to the required learning outcomes for Level 4 modules of the BSc (Hons) Biomedical Science (FT) will be encouraged to make direct entry to Level 5. Such knowledge and skills should be commensurate with those identified in the IBMS criteria for accreditation handbook (QAA template), in the *Policy* and Procedures for the Accreditation of Prior Learning (APEL), of London South Bank University APEL, and in the guidelines on levels and learning outcomes produced by the South East of England Consortium for Credit Accumulation and Transfer (SEEC/CAT, May 1996, SEEC Credit Level Descriptors for HE, 2021)

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G. Course structure(s)

Course overview

Awards are given in accordance with current London South Bank University Academic Regulations for Taught Programmes. The overall modular structure of the BSc (Hons) Biomedical Science is shown in Figure 1. Fourteen core modules (total credit accumulation: 300 credits), including a Research Project (40 credits) will be common to two career choices. In addition, three optional modules (total credit: 60 credits) will be required to be selected by students in level 5 and level 6 from each career choice (Table 1). The two career choices are i) Applied Medical Sciences, and ii) Pharmaceutical industry, (please see the course specifications for details).

The academic year will run as usual in two Semesters from September to June.

The degree will be offered as FT (3 years). Details of modular structure are shown in Figures 1 and Tables 1 and 2 below.

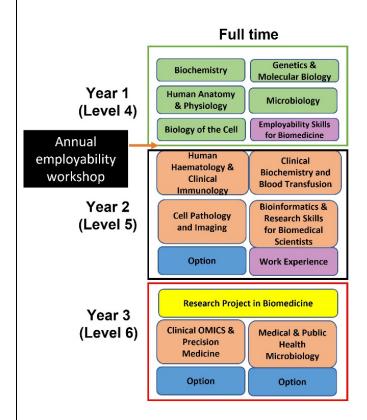


Figure 1. Course Structure for BSc (Hons) Biomedical Science (FT) (2022-2025).

Option modules

Option modules will form coherent "career choices" within the course structure, so their individual selection will be defined by the students' interests. It is intended that the students will meet with their personal tutors and discuss their personal career plans to ensure the selected Options are appropriate and meet their individual aspirations. Seven Option modules are included in the Module Descriptor document (at the time of writing). These modules meet

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the credit requirements of any of the two career choices shown in Table 1. Additional Option modules will be added as the course is developed.

Table 1. Optional modules for BSc (Hons) Biomedical Science (FT)

"Career Choice"	Level	Option							
Applied Medical	5	Stem Cells and Developmental Biology							
Sciences	6	Cancer Biology and Therapy, Neuroscience and							
		Aging, Clinical Nutrition, and the Microbiome							
Pharmaceutical	5	Introduction to Pharmacology and Toxicology							
Industry	6	Bioreactors, Drug Design and Development							

Employability

Maximising graduate employment opportunity is a central consideration in the design of the proposed career choice(s) in Biomedical Science. In addition to the array of graduate skills, both transferable and subject-specific, that the course is providing throughout the modular structure, a graduate employability workshop will be offered during Level 4. This workshop will host representatives from diverse professional bodies. The purpose of this workshop is to help the students identify the career choice they want to pursue from the first year of their studies. The workshop will also include talks highlighting relevance of learning to employability, and practical skill acquisition in presentation, CV writing and communicating to diverse audiences. In addition, two core employability and work-experience modules are offered to develop the students' professional skills in biomedical science.

Career choices and option modules: At the end of L4, students will choose the career track they would like to follow, as well as option modules relevant for each career choice. An optional career choice will only run if the minimum threshold for students (*n*=8) is recruited. Students who are interested in a career choice that does not reach its threshold will be offered an alternative choice. It is their decision to accept the alternative offer. This information will be communicated to students before enrolment so that they will be made aware that the career track of their choice may not be available if certain modules have not reached the threshold to be offered, i.e. fewer than 8 students have enrolled. The two available career choices are:

- (i) Applied Medical Sciences: students who choose this career choice may pursue careers in clinical NHS or private health laboratories, or in biomedical research. Additionally, students who meet the requirements for graduate entry into Medical Schools, or the requirements of enrolling in a physician associate training program may apply to relevant Schools providing these courses. Optional modules available for students in the applied medical sciences include modules of clinical relevance such as "Cancer Biology and Therapy", "Stem Cells and Developmental Biology", "Neuroscience and Ageing", and "Clinical Nutrition and the Microbiome" (Table 1).
- (ii) Pharmaceutical Industry: students who choose this career track may pursue careers in the pharmaceutical, or biomedical industry such as those working in small molecules, clinical research and monitoring, next-generation sequencing, diagnostics, blood stem cell & bone marrow transplantation. Students may work in quality assurance to ensure that the pharmaceutical healthcare products are produced in accordance with quality and safety guidelines. Students may also work in marketing and sales and customer support. Optional modules available for students in this career choice include "Introduction to Pharmacology and Toxicology", "Drug Design and Development", and "Bioreactors" (Table 1).

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Students who chose any of the above career tracks may also decide to pursue postgraduate studies in a biomedical science-related field of research.

H. Course Modules

Table 2 shows the core and optional modules, and their assessment.

Table 2. Core and optional modules, and their assessment.

10.0.0 2. 00.00	Cou	rse Mod			
Module Code	Module Title	Level	Semester	Credit value	Assessment
ASC_4_498	Human Anatomy and Physiology (Core)	4	1	20	50 % CW (lab report) 50% exam
ASC_4_488	Biochemistry (Core)	4	1	20	30 % CW (presentation on practical component) 70% exam
ASC_4_476	Biology of the Cell (Core)	4	1	20	50 % CW Lab- based project 50 % exam
ASC_4_489	Microbiology (Core)	4	2	20	50 % CW (laboratory report) 50% exam
ASC_4_490	Genetics and Molecular Biology (Core)	4	2	20	30 % CW (lab report on practical component) 70% exam
ASC_4_ESM	Employability Skills in Biomedicine (Core)	4	2	20	30% CW1- Group presentation 70% CW2- written report
ASC_5_HCI	Human Haematology and Clinical Immunology (Core)	5	1	20	40 % CW on practical component 60 % exam
ASC_5_493	Cellular Pathology and Imaging (Core)	5	1	20	50% CW on practical component 50% exam

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[T 1			T
ASC_5_IPT		5	1	20	30 % CW (lab
	Introduction to				report on
	Pharmacology and				practical
	Toxicology (Option)				component)
					70% exam
ASC_5_SDB		5	1	20	50% CW:
					Students will
	Stem Cells and				prepare an
	Developmental Biology				essay on current
	(Option)				topics in Stem
	(Option)				Cell research
					50% exam
ASC_5_BRB		5	2	20	50%CW1-
ASC_5_BRB		5	2	20	
					Research
	Bioinformatics and				Proposal
	Research Skills for				50 % CW2-
	Biomedical Scientists				(computer
	(Core)				exercises in
	()				bioinformatics
					and biostatistics)
ASC_5_CBT	Clinical Biochemistry	5	2	20	40% Laboratory
	and Blood Transfusion				practical test
	(Core)				60% exam
ASC_5_PBS		5	2	20	50%-CW1
	Professional Skills in				portfolio
	Biomedical Science				50%-CW2
	(Core)				(Group
					presentation)
ASC_6_RPB	December Ducinet in	6	1 & 2	40	100% CW
	Research Project in				(Research
	Biomedicine (Core)				project)
ASC_6_CMB		6	1	20	50 % CW
	Clinical Microbiology		•		(laboratory
	(Core)				report)
	(30.0)				50% exam
ASC_6_CBT		6	1	20	50% CW
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Cancer Biology and		1	20	Poster
	Therapy (Option)				presentation
	Therapy (Option)				50% exam
ASC & DID		6	1	20	
ASC_6_BIR		O	I	20	40% CW (PBL-
	Bioreactors (Option)				poster
	\				presentation)
100 0 107				00	60% Exam
ASC_6_497	Clinical OMICS and	6	2	20	50 % CW
	Precision Medicine				(Exercise on big
	(Core)				data)
i	(50.0)				50% exam
ASC_6_NAA	Neuroscience and Aging (Option)	6	2	20	40% CW (PBL- presentation)

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					60% Exam
ASC_6_CNM	Clinical Nutrition and the Microbiome	6	1	20	50% (Group presentation) 50% CW2 (In class test)
ASC_6_DDD	Drug Design and Development (Option)	6	1	20	30 % CW (lab report on practical component) 70% exam

I. Timetable information

- Timetables will be provided to students via Moodle sites as soon as possible before the start of each semester.
- Typical contact hours for each week will range from 9 to 15 hours depending on the level of study and the modules that run in a semester. Modules that have laboratory sessions will normally have more contact time in a week than those without.
- Each module is timetabled for 1x3 hour block in a week (except those with laboratory sessions)..

J. Costs and financial support

Course related costs

Costs that are in addition to the tuition fees in this course may include:

- The cost of textbooks and journal subscriptions.
- Student membership of relevant professional bodies and organisations such as the Institute of Biomedical Science.
- Costs related to subject specific seminars or conferences.
- Any extracurricular courses that a student wishes to take that are NOT provided and supported financially by the University, and accreditation applications.

Tuition fees/financial support/accommodation and living costs

Information on tuition fees/financial support can be found by clicking on the following link: http://www.lsbu.ac.uk/study/undergraduate/fees-and-funding or https://www.lsbu.ac.uk/study/postgraduate/fees-and-funding https://www.lsbu.ac.uk/international/fees-and-funding

Information on living costs and accommodation can be found by clicking the following link: https://www.lsbu.ac.uk/student-life/our-campuses/southwark/cost-of-living

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List of Appendices

Appendix A: Curriculum Map
Appendix B: Embedding the Educational Framework for Undergraduate Courses
Appendix C: Terminology

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Appendix A: Curriculum Map

This map provides a design aid to help course teams identify where course outcomes are being developed, taught, and assessed within the course. It also provides a checklist for quality assurance purposes and may be used in validation, accreditation, and external examining processes. Making the learning outcomes explicit will also help students to monitor their own learning and development

as the course progresses. T is taught, D is developed, and A is assessed.

L	Module Title	Α					В						С								D									
		1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		1 0
4	Biology of	Т	Т				T/A			D		D	T/A							Α	D	D		Α		D	D		D [D
	the Cell	/								/		/										/							/ /	/
		Α								Α		Α										Α							A	Α
4	Biochemistry	Т	Т							D		Α	T/A	T					Α	Α	D	D					D	D	D [D
		/								/																		/	/ /	/
		Α								Α																		Α	A A	Α
4	Microbiology	Т	T/A	T		T/	Т				T/A	Α	T/A	T/A		T/				Α	D					D	D	D	D	D
		/				Α										Α													/	
		Α																											Α	
4	Human	Т	T/A				Т					Α	T/A			Т				Α	D	D					D		A	Α
	Anatomy and	/																				/								
	Physiology	Α																				Α								
4	Genetics and	Т	T/A				T/A			Т		Α	T/A		Т	Т			Α	Α	D	D		D			D	D	D [D
	Molecular	/								/												/		/				/	/ /	/
	Biology	Α								Α												Α		Α				Α	A	Α
4	Employabilit					T/	T/A		D	D	D/	D		D/			D		D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D [D
	y Skills in					Α				/	Α	/		Α			/		/	/		/			/	/	/	/	/ /	/
	Biomedicine									Α		Α					Α		Α	Α		Α			Α	Α	Α	Α	A A	Α

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5	Human	Т	T/A	T/A		T/	T/A			Т	D	Α	T/A	T/A	Т	T/			Α	Α		D		D			D	D	Α	D
	Haematology	/	.,	.,		A	.,			/			.,	.,	/	A						/		/				/		/
	and Clinical	A								A					A							Á		A				Α		Α
	Immunology																													
5	Bioinformatic			Т	T/	T/	T/A	T/A	T/A	Т	T/A	Т		T/A	Т		Т	Т	Т	Т	D	D		D		D	D	D	D	D
	s and				Á	Á	,	,	,	/	'	/		,	/		/	/	/	/	/	/		/		/		/		/
	Research									A		A			A		A	A	A	A	A	A		A		A		A	Α .	Α
	Skills for																													
	Biomedical																													
	Scientists																													
5	Cellular	Т	T/A	T/A		T/	T/A		Α	Т	T/A	Т	T/A	T/A	Т	T/	Т	Т	D	D		D		D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	Pathology	/				Α				/		/			/	Α	/	/	/	/								/	/ /	/
	and Imaging	Α								Α		Α			Α		Α	Α	Α	Α								Α	Α	Α
5	Clinical	Т	T/A	T/A		T/	T/A	T/A		Т	T/A	Т	T/A	T/A	Т	T/	Т	Т	D	D	Т	D	Т	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	Biochemistry	/				Α				/		/			/	Α	/	/	/	/	/		/	/	/	/			/	/
	and Blood	Α								Α		Α			Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	Α	Α			Α	Α
	Transfusion																													
5	Stem Cells &	Т	T/A	T/A		D/	D/	D/	D/	D	T/A	D		T/A	D		D		D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	Development	/				Α	Α	Α	Α	/		/			/				/	/	/	/		/	/	/	/	/	/ /	/
	al Biology	Α								Α		Α			Α				Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
5	Introduction	Т	T/A	T/A		D/	D/	D/	D/	D	T/A	D		T/A	D		D		D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	to	/				Α	Α	Α	Α	/		/			/				/	/	/	/		/	/	/	/	/	/ /	/
	Pharmacolog	Α								Α		Α			Α				Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A
	y and																													
	Toxicology																													
5	Work					T/	T/A		D	D	D/	D		D/			D		D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	Experience					Α				/	Α	/		Α			/		/	/		/			/	/	/	/	/ /	<i>'</i>
										Α		Α					Α		Α	Α		Α			Α	Α	Α	Α	A A	A

6	Research	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	A	A A
	Project in																												
	Biomedicine																												
6	Clinical	Т		T/A	T/	T/	T/A	T/A	Α	Т	T/A	Т			Т		D	Т	T	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D [D D
	OMICS and	/			Α	Α				/		/			/		/	/	/	/		/						/	/
	Precision	Α								Α		Α			Α		Α	Α	Α	Α		Α						A	A A
	Medicine																												
6	Clinical	Т	T/A	Т		T/	Т				T/A	Α	T/A	T/A		T/				Α	D					D	D	D [D D
	Microbiology	/				Α										Α												/	·
		Α																										A	4
6	Neuroscience	Т		T/A		T/	T/A	T/A	Α	D					D		D			D	D	D					D	D [)
	and Ageing	/				Α														/							/	/ /	'
		Α																		Α							Α	A	4
6	Drug Design	Т		T/A		T/	T/A	T/A	Α	D					D		D			D	D	D					D	D	
	and	/				Α														/							/	/ /	'
	Development	Α																		Α							Α	A	4
6	Cancer	Т	T/A	T/A		D/	D/	D/	D/	D	T/A	D		T/A	D		D		D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D [D D
	Biology and	/				Α	Α	Α	Α	/		/			/				/	/	/	/		/	/	/	/	/ /	/
	Therapy	Α								Α		Α			Α				Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	A A	AA

Key 1: T = Taught, i.e. contributing in some way to the Learning Outcomes; D = Developed i.e. a focus of the module; A = Assessed and therefore also developed, Key 2: L = Level, Modules in italics are optional modules

*D3: negotiation skills, and lifelong learning in the field of biomedical science including enterprise and knowledge transfer skills will be developed during the career workshop offered in level 4, and during optional modules in level 5 and 6.

A. Knowledge and understanding:

- A1. The basic biology of human health and disease represented by the disciplines of human anatomy and physiology, cellular, genetic and molecular biology, microbiology, immunology, chemistry and biochemistry.
- A2. Basic principles of laboratory-based diagnostic and analytical techniques used in clinical pathology, human haematology and clinical immunology, clinical biochemistry, and blood transfusion and medical microbiology.

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- A3. Aetiology, progression, and diagnosis of human diseases to support clinical management and treatment selection.
- A4. Bioinformatic and statistical principles for analysis of big data for the study of genomics, proteomics and transcriptomics, and their application in precision medicine.
- A5. Research design, quantitative/qualitative methods, critical review of evidence in the biomedical sciences, data interpretation, reporting, biosafety, ethics, and conduct.

B. Intellectual skills:

- B1. Apply theories, paradigms, concepts, or subject-specific principles to a new context.
- B2. Obtain and integrate lines of subject-specific evidence to formulate hypotheses, design experiments, critically evaluate data and use it to develop research proposal;
- B3. Demonstrate independence of thought to identify the key features of a problem and suggest possible means of investigation.
- B4. Keep abreast of current insights in core and specialist areas of biomedical science.
- B5. Recognise the moral and ethical issues of investigations and appreciate the need for ethical standards and professional codes of conduct.
- B6. Synthesise, analyse and summarise a body of information and come to an informed and logically consistent conclusion.

C. Practical skills:

- C1. Demonstrate competence in the basic experimental skills relevant to cell and molecular biology, genetics, human anatomy and physiology, medical microbiology, cellular pathology and imaging, clinical biochemistry and blood transfusion.
- C2. Demonstrate knowledge of quality assurance and quality control principles, hazard identification, risk assessment and safety procedures associated with a particular technique or methodology.
- C3. Select and apply appropriate techniques and evaluate alternative methodologies for an investigation or to complete a process.
- C4. Undertake practical investigations in a responsible, safe and ethical manner, while observing relevant health and safety regulations.
- C5. Organise and allocate duties, set targets and evaluate progress in achieving specific technical goals, evaluate own performance and performance of others within a team.
- C6. Use relevant numerical quantitative techniques and demonstrate competence in bioinformatic and statistical methods to validate, calibrate and analyse big data.
- C7. Present data in seminars or small-group tutorials to develop interpersonal skills such as information retrieval, problem-solving, communication and team working.
- C8. Demonstrate competence in the use of word-processors, spreadsheets, biological databases and data presentation packages.

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D. Transferrable skills:

- D1. Identify individual and collective goals and responsibilities.
- D2. Develop the ability to work on one's own initiative and manage one's own time to meet deadlines.
- D3. Develop negotiation skills, and lifelong learning in the field of biomedical science including enterprise and knowledge transfer skills.
- D4. Provide reflective and evidence-based solutions to problems.
- D5. Recognise and respect the views and opinions of other team members.
- D6. Evaluate their own performance as an individual and as a team member, as well as the performance of others.
- D7. Develop a flexibe and effective approach to study and work.
- D8. Communicate ideas, arguments and concepts in a rational and systematic way, using a variety of media.
- D9. Clearly communicate in writing for both academic and lay audiences.
- D10. Use the full range of sources of information, citing references properly and avoiding plagiarism.

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Appendix B: Embedding the Educational Framework for Undergraduate Courses

The Educational Framework at London South Bank University is a set of principles for curriculum design and the wider student experience that articulate our commitment to the highest standards of academic knowledge and understanding applied to the challenges of the wider world.

The Educational Framework reflects our status as University of the Year for Graduate Employment awarded by *The Times and The Sunday Times Good University Guide 2018* and builds on our 125-year history as a civic university committed to fostering social mobility through employability and enterprise, enabling our students to translate academic achievement into career success.

There are four key characteristics of LSBU's distinctive approach to the undergraduate curriculum and student experience:

- Develop students' professional and vocational skills through application in industry-standard facilities
- Develop our students' graduate attributes, self-awareness and behaviours aligned to our EPIIC values
- Integrate opportunities for students to develop their confidence, skills, and networks into the curriculum
- Foster close relationships with employers, industry, and Professional,
 Statutory and Regulatory Bodies that underpin our provision (including the opportunity for internships, and professional opportunities)

The dimensions of the Educational Framework for curriculum design are:

- informed by employer and industry needs as well as professional, statutory, and regulatory body requirements
- **embedded learning development** for all students to scaffold their learning through the curriculum considering the specific writing and thinking requirements of the discipline/profession
- high impact pedagogies that enable the development of student professional and vocational learning through application in industry-standard or authentic workplace contexts
- inclusive teaching, learning and assessment that enables all students to access and engage the course
- assessment for learning that provides timely and formative feedback

All courses should be designed to support these five dimensions of the Educational Framework. Successful embedding of the Educational Framework requires a systematic approach to course design and delivery that conceptualises the student

experience of the curriculum as a whole rather than at modular level and promotes the progressive development of understanding over the entire course. It also builds on a well-established evidence base across the sector for the pedagogic and assessment experiences that contribute to high quality learning.

This appendix to the course specification document enables course teams to evidence how their courses meet minimum expectations, at what level where appropriate, as the basis for embedding the Educational Framework in all undergraduate provision at LSBU.

Dimension of the Educational	Minimum expectations and rationale	How this is achieved in the course
Framework		
Curricula informed by employer and industry need	Outcomes focus and professional/employer links All LSBU courses will evidence the involvement of external stakeholders in the curriculum design process as well as plan for the participation of employers and/or alumni through guest lectures or Q&A sessions, employer panels, employergenerated case studies or other input of expertise into the delivery of the course provide students with access to current workplace examples and role models. Students should have access to employers and/or alumni in at least one module at level 4.	The course has been informed by the QAA Biomedical Science Benchmarks (2019). Students are required to identify career opportunities in during a workshop at level 4 and during the Bioinformatics and Research Skills for Biomedical Scientists module at level 5, as part of their 'partnership' with the personal tutor. We will expose the students to skill requirements of employers via guest speakers, industrial visits, engagement with professional scientists. The employability in biomedicine, and Work experience modules will help students develop their professional science.
Embedded learning development	Support for transition and academic preparedness At least two modules at level 4 should include embedded learning development in the curriculum to	Analytical thinking, critical reading and reflection are embedded in several modules at L4, for example Biology of the Cell and

support student understanding of, and familiarity with, disciplinary ways of thinking and practising (e.g. analytical thinking, academic writing, critical reading, reflection). Where possible, learning development will be normally integrated into content modules rather than as standalone modules. Other level 4 modules should reference and reinforce the learning development to aid in the transfer of learning.

Microbiology. There is particular emphasis within Bioinformatics and Research Skills for Biomedical Scientists and the Research Project for Biomedicine modules on the development of a portfolio of learning and scientific practice. This will include basic scientific, mathematical and statistical techniques, communication skills, and ICT. Progression is made from level 4 and 5 to more indepth data interpretation and use of more detailed analysis techniques via the Research Project module at level 6.

High impact pedagogies

Group-based learning experiences The capacity to work effectively in teams enhances learning through working with peers and develops student outcomes, including communication, networking and respect for diversity of perspectives relevant to professionalism and inclusivity. At least one module at level 4 should include an opportunity for group working. Group-based learning can also be linked to assessment at level 4 if appropriate. Consideration should be given to how students are allocated to groups to foster experience of diverse perspectives and values.

Projects and group work are facilitated in lectures. practical and tutorial sessions. These are not all formally assessed but serve as important components of students' experiential learning through peer learning, presentation, and communication skills. The development of the learning portfolio starts at the Biochemistry module, at level 4, through Bioinformatics and Research Skills for Biomedical Scientists at level 5. There is substantial opportunity for development of interpersonal skills in the final year Project as student's network with other stakeholder in the research process including external organisations.

In also 1	A	This is said to the
Inclusive teaching, learning and assessment Assessment	Accessible materials, resources and activities All course materials and resources, including course guides, PowerPoint presentations, handouts and Moodle should be provided in an accessible format. For example, font type and size, layout and colour as well as captioning or transcripts for audiovisual materials. Consideration should also be given to accessibility and the availability of alternative formats for reading lists. Assessment and feedback to	This is achieved via the Module Moodle and AULA sites. Staff will upload a range of learning resources to support student learning. All students enrolled on a module will have access to the Moodle/AULA site and all module materials.
for learning	support attainment, progression and retention Assessment is recognised as a critical point for at risk students as well as integral to the learning of all students. Formative feedback is essential during transition into university. All first semester modules at level 4 should include a formative or low-stakes summative assessment (e.g. low weighted in final outcome for the module) to provide an early opportunity for students to check progress and receive prompt and useable feedback that can feedforward into future learning and assessment. Assessment and feedback communicate high expectations and develops a commitment to excellence.	of assessments during their first year, including testing of their proficiency in Mathematics and in Biochemistry module, and as they commence the Bioinformatics and Research Skills for Biomedical Scientists at level 5. These modules provide a structure for greater use of formative or formative-to-summative assessment.
High impact pedagogies	Research and enquiry experiences Opportunities for students to undertake small-scale independent enquiry enable students to understand how knowledge is	Modules featuring research projects and practical activities include Biology of the Cell, Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular

generated and tested in the discipline as well as prepare them to engage in enquiry as a highly sought-after outcome of university study. In preparation for an undergraduate dissertation at level 6, courses should provide opportunities for students to develop research skills at level 4 and 5 and should engage with open-ended problems with appropriate support. Research opportunities should build student autonomy and are likely to encourage creativity and problem-solving. Dissemination of student research outcomes, for example via posters, presentations and reports with peer review, should also be considered.

Biology, Microbiology,
Cellular Pathology and
Imaging, Bioinformatics and
Research Skills for
Biomedical Scientists,
Clinical Biochemistry and
Blood Transfusion, as well as
Clinical OMICS and Precision
Medicine. Many of these
knowledge and skills are
brought together to complete
the final year Project.

Curricula informed by employer and industry need / Assessment for learning

Authentic learning and assessment tasks

Live briefs, projects or equivalent authentic workplace learning experiences and/or assessments enable students, for example, to engage with external clients, develop their understanding through situated and experiential learning in real or simulated workplace contexts and deliver outputs to an agreed specification and deadline. Engagement with live briefs creates the opportunity for the development of student outcomes including excellence, professionalism, integrity and creativity. A live brief is likely to develop research and enquiry skills and can be linked to assessment if appropriate.

There is substantial opportunity for development of professional skills in the final year dissertation as students liaise with support staff, subjects and outside bodies. The dissertation also furthers the skills of data collection, interpretation, and analysis, as well as presentation skills. Similar opportunities for development of lifelong learning, knowledge transfer, and negotiation skills exist in the employability and work experience modules.

Inclusive	Course content and teaching	Staff use a range of materials
teaching,	methods acknowledge the	in the delivery of their
learning and	diversity of the student cohort	courses that include images
assessment	An inclusive curriculum	and video. Consideration is
doocooment	incorporates images, examples,	also given to cultural, religion
	case studies and other resources	and gender diversity.
	from a broad range of cultural and	and gender diversity.
	social views reflecting diversity of	
	the student cohort in terms of, for	
	example, gender, ethnicity,	
	sexuality, religious belief, socio-	
	economic background etc. This	
	commitment to inclusivity enables	
	students to recognise themselves	
	and their experiences in the	
	curriculum as well as foster	
	understanding of other viewpoints	
	and identities.	
Curricula	Work-based learning	Students are required to
informed by	Opportunities for learning that is	identify career opportunities
employer and	relevant to future employment or	during the career workshop
industry need	undertaken in a workplace setting	planned at level 4, and in
	are fundamental to developing	Bioinformatics and Research
	student applied knowledge as well	Skills for Biomedical
	as developing work-relevant	Scientists as part of their
	student outcomes such as	'partnership' with the
	networking, professionalism and	personal tutor at level 5.
	integrity. Work-based learning	Students will participate in
	can take place within the work	clinical and industrial visits in
	experience and employability	a wide sense and network
	modules as well as, for example,	with professional scientists at
	case studies, simulations and role-	level 5 and 6. Students will
	play in clinical- or industry-	also be encouraged to
	standards settings as relevant to	participate in the University
	the course. Work-based learning	Ambassador scheme.
	can be linked to assessment if	
	appropriate.	
Embedded	Writing in the disciplines:	Students are required to
learning	Alternative formats	develop a learning portfolio
development	The development of student	as part of the outcomes from
	awareness, understanding and	the Bioinformatics and
	mastery of the specific thinking	Research Skills for
	and communication practices in	Biomedical Scientists module

the discipline is fundamental to applied subject knowledge. This involves explicitly defining the features of disciplinary thinking and practices, finding opportunities to scaffold student attempts to adopt these ways of thinking and practising and providing opportunities to receive formative feedback on this. A writing in the disciplines approach recognises that writing is not a discrete representation of knowledge but integral to the process of knowing and understanding in the discipline. It is expected that assessment utilises formats that are recognisable and applicable to those working in the profession. For example, project report, presentation, poster, lab or field report, journal or professional article, position paper, case report, handbook, exhibition guide.

at level 5. This facilitates development of scientific writing, practical reporting and research skills, and provides students with opportunities to develop their writing in literature review, research proposal, and ethics application. The final year Project requires students to develop skills in scientific write-up and presentation and discussion of results.

High impact pedagogies

or interprofessional group-based learning experiences Building on experience of group working at level 4, at level 5 students should be provided with the opportunity to work and manage more complex tasks in groups that work across traditional disciplinary and professional boundaries and reflecting interprofessional work-place settings. Learning in multi- or interdisciplinary groups creates the opportunity for the development of student outcomes including inclusivity, communication and networking.

Multi-disciplinary, interdisciplinary

This is achieved in the degree programme through assessments that requires students to work in groups on mini research projects and laboratory assessments. The final year project encourages students to carry out an interdisciplinary research investigation linked either to the research interests of the academic team or, with approval from an academic, their own research question.

Assessment for learning

Variation of assessment

An inclusive approach to curriculum recognises diversity and seeks to create a learning environment that enables equal opportunities for learning for all students and does not give those with a particular prior qualification (e.g. A-level or BTEC) an advantage or disadvantage. An holistic assessment strategy should provide opportunities for all students to be able to demonstrate achievement of learning outcomes in different ways throughout the course. This may be by offering alternate assessment tasks at the same assessment point, for example either a written or oral assessment, or by offering a range of different assessment tasks across the curriculum.

A variety of assessment is used at level 4, including essays, problem solving exercises, Moodle quizzes, and unseen written exams. Thereafter, level 5 and 6 assessment is a combination of examination, a variety of coursework, including presentations, essays, case studies, in-class tests, and a final year dissertation.

Curricula informed by employer and industry need

Career management skills

Courses should provide support for the development of career management skills that enable students to be familiar with and understand relevant industries or professions, be able to build on work-related learning opportunities, understand the role of self-appraisal and planning for lifelong learning in career development, develop resilience and manage the career building process. This should be designed to inform the development of excellence and professionalism.

Students are required to identify career opportunities during the annual employability workshop provided at level 4, and in the Bioinformatics and Research Skills for Biomedical Scientists as part of their 'partnership' with the personal tutor. Modules at level 5 and 6 will develop the students' skills as reflective practitioners and encourage their career planning. Students will participate in industrial visits in a wide sense and network with professional scientists at level 5 and 6.

Curricula	Capstone project/dissertation	The final year Project
informed by	The level 6 Research Project or	requires students to develop
employer and	dissertation is a critical point for	skills in:
industry need	the integration and synthesis of	(1) Identification of the
1	knowledge and skills from across	significance of research and
Assessment	the course. It also provides an	formulation of hypotheses.
<i>for</i> learning /	important transition into	(2) Design, justification and
High impact	employment if the assessment is	implementation of
pedagogies	authentic, industry-facing or client-	approaches to testing (giving
	driven. It is recommended that this	consideration to sample
	is a capstone experience, bringing	population, reliability, validity
	together all learning across the	and statistical analysis);
	course and creates the opportunity	(3) Scientific write-up,
	for the development of student	presentation and discussion
	outcomes including	of results.
	professionalism, integrity, and	(4) Maintaining
	creativity.	contemporaneous records
		and notes.
		(5) Presentation and
		defending their results via a
		viva voce.

Appendix C: Terminology

The following is a list of terminologies used in the context of the BSc (Hons) Biomedical Science Course:

Awarding body	a UK higher education provider (typically a university) with the power to award higher education qualifications such as degrees
Bursary	a financial award made to students to support their studies; sometimes used interchangeably with 'scholarship'
Collaborative provision	a formal arrangement between a degree-awarding body and a partner organisation, allowing for the latter to provide higher education on behalf of the former
Compulsory module	a module that students are required to
Contact hours	the time allocated to direct contact between a student and a member of staff through, for example, timetabled lectures, seminars
Coursework	student work that contributes towards the final result but is not assessed by written examination

Current students	students enrolled on a course who have
	not yet completed their studies or
Delivery organisation	an organisation that delivers
Jenrelly enganneamen	learning opportunities on behalf of a degree-awarding body
Distance-learning course	a course of study that does not involve
	face-to-face contact between students and tutors
Extracurricular	activities undertaken by students outside their studies
Feedback (on assessment)	advice to students following
	their completion of a piece of assessed or examined work.
Formative assessment	a type of assessment designed to help
	students learn more effectively, to
	progress in their studies and to
	prepare for summative assessment; formative assessment does not
	contribute to the final mark, grade or
	class of degree awarded to students
Higher education provider	organisations that deliver higher
	education.
Independent learning	learning that occurs outside the classroom
	that might include preparation for
	scheduled sessions, follow-up work,
	wider reading or practice, completion of assessment tasks, or revision
Lecture	a presentation or talk on a particular topic.
Locture	in general lectures involve larger
	groups of students than seminars and
Learning zone	a flexible student space that supports
	independent and social earning
Material information	information students need to make an
	informed decision, such as about what and where to study
Mode of study	different ways of studying, such as full-
mode of study	time, part-time, e-learning or work-
	based learning
Modular course	a course delivered using modules
Module	a self-contained, formally structured unit of
	study, with a coherent and explicit set
	of learning outcomes and assessment
	criteria; some providers use the word 'course' or 'course unit' to refer to
	individual modules
National teaching fellowship	a national award for individuals who have
	made an outstanding impact on student
	learning and the teaching profession

Optional module	a module or course unit that students choose to take
Professional body	an organisation that oversees the activities of a particular profession and represents the interests of its members
Prospective student	those applying or considering applying for any programme, at any level and employing any mode of study, with a higher education provider
Regulatory body	an organisation recognised by government as being responsible for the regulation or approval of a particular range of issues and
Scholarship	a type of bursary that recognises academic achievement and potential, and which is sometimes used interchangeably with
Semester	either of the parts of an academic year that is divided into two for purposes of teaching and assessment (in contrast to division into terms)
Seminar	seminars generally involve smaller numbers than lectures and enable students to engage in discussion of a particular topic and/or to explore it in more detail than might be covered in a
Summative assessment	formal assessment of students' work, contributing to the final result
Term	any of the parts of an academic year that is divided into three or more for purposes of teaching and assessment (in contrast to division into semesters)
Total study time	the total time required to study a module, unit or course, including all class contact, independent learning, revision and assessment
Tutorial	one-to-one or small group supervision, feedback or detailed discussion on a particular topic or project
Work/study placement	a planned period of experience outside the institution (for example, in a workplace or at another higher education institution) to help students develop particular skills, knowledge or understanding as part of their course
Written examination	a question or set of questions relating to a area of study to which candidates write answers usually (but not always) under timed conditions

