

Course Specification

	A. Course Infor	mation		
Final award title(s)	MEng (Hons)/ BE	ing Petroleum	Engineering	
Intermediate exit award title(s)	CertHE, DipHE			
UCAS Code	H850		Course Code(s)	4528, 3016
	London South Ba	ank University	- 1	
School	□ ASC □ ACI	□BEA□	BUS ⊠ ENG	□ HSC □ LSS
Division	Chemical and Pe	troleum Engin	eering	
Course Director	Dr Andrew Fergu	sson-Rees		
Delivery site(s) for course(s)	☑ Southwark☐ Other	☐ Have	ering	
Mode(s) of delivery	⊠Full time	□Part time	□other plea	se specify
Length of course/start and				
finish dates	Mode	Length years	Start - mont	h Finish - month
	Full time	4/3	September	June
	Full time with	5/4	September	June
	placement/			
	sandwich year			
	Part time			
	Part time with			
	Placement/			
	sandwich year			
Is this course generally suitable for students on a	Students are adv			of the course is ors will be taken into
Tier 4 visa?	account before a			ors will be taken into
	Please complete			onnaire.
Approval dates:	Course(s) validat Subject to validat		June 2015	
	Course specificat updated and sign		September 201	8
Professional, Statutory &				nalf of the Engineering
Regulatory Body accreditation	for registration as			ademic requirement 2021).
	BEng (Hons) acc	redited by the	Energy Institute	on behalf of the

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		Orange Handhaman and the Handhaman at th
		Council for the purposes of fully meeting the academic for registration as an Incorporated Engineer and partially
		requirement for registration as a Chartered Engineer
	(2017-2021)	
Reference points:	Internal	Corporate Strategy 2015-2020
		Academic Quality and Enhancement Manual School Strategy
		LSBU Academic Regulations
	External	QAA Quality Code for Higher Education 2013
		Framework for Higher Education Qualifications (QAA, 2008);
		Subject Benchmark Statements: Engineering 2015
		The Accreditation of Higher Education Programmes
		(AHEP-3 2014) SEEC Level Descriptors 2016
		Competitions and Markets Authority
	B. Course	Aims and Features
Distinctive features		lons) Petroleum Engineering course is distinctive in that it
of course		understanding and skills that are involved in a wide
		areers in the petroleum industry. The programme offers
		experience of industry software, which is then applied to
		o show its application in the real world. This and the boratory technique work undertaken equip students with
		ansferred to the workplace. The sandwich option involves
		nent and provides even more understanding of how
	1	Our course is designed to cover the key areas of
		ring. It takes you through the fundamentals of petroleum
		etroleum process science to core topics such as
		nce, reservoir engineering, petrophysics, drilling and ring. It also covers the basic and applied engineering
		fundamental to the understanding of the flow and
		including (crude) oil and gas. These apply to a number of
		ess industries and therefore allow us to integrate the
	petroleum engineer	ring and chemical engineering courses.
	The MEng/DEng (U	Iona) Detroloum Engineering is fully appredited with the
		lons) Petroleum Engineering is fully accredited with the d offers the most direct route to achieving chartered
	engineer (CEng) re	
	3 2 (3 3)	3
Course Aims		lons) Petroleum Engineering aims to
		graduates trained in the core discipline of Petroleum
		ring including oil and gas reservoir engineering, drilling
	•	ring, production engineering and processing. Such es typically find employment in the petroleum industry.
	graduate	es typically find employment in the petroleum industry.
	2. To produ	uce MEng graduates who are equipped with the relevant
		anding, skills and knowledge required to operate
	effective	ely in the oil and gas sector.
	2 Produce	graduates capable of contributing to the profession of
		m engineering in the context of modern industrial practice
	-	tainable development.
		·
	4. To enab	le students to develop an understanding of relevant

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- disciplines associated with petroleum engineering in order to operate in multidisciplinary teams
- 5. Develop students' knowledge of mathematics, applied sciences, engineering methods and safety, in support of the central themes of the course.
- 6. Develop students' intellectual and reasoning powers, their ability to perceive the broader perspective, and their problem-solving skills through the integration of a broad range of subject material.
- 7. Teach students to communicate clearly, to argue rationally and to draw conclusions based on an analytical and critical approach to data and systems.
- 8. To encourage the development of personal qualities and professional competences of petroleum engineers
- Develop the transferable skills expected of an honours graduate who will work in multi-disciplinary teams with technical, commercial and management staff in industrial and other occupations.

Course Learning Outcomes

a) Students will have knowledge and understanding of:

A1-Mathematics, science and engineering underlying the practice of petroleum engineering.

A2-The interactions involved in petroleum engineering systems and analytical and computational tools to deal with these. Mathematical and computer models in the design and analysis of production projects, and an appreciation of their benefits and limitations.

A3-The scope of petroleum engineering from exploration through production to processing. The professional and ethical responsibilities in the global and social context of engineering. A thorough understanding of current practice in petroleum engineering and its limitations and some appreciation of likely new developments. Current technological and commercial challenges and development of the petroleum industry.

A4-The economic, management and statutory requirements involved in the practice of petroleum engineering. The business practices and their limitations, and how these may be applied appropriately.

b) Students will develop their intellectual skills such that they are able to:

B1 Use mathematics, science and engineering to support theoretical and practical analysis of petroleum production operations.

B2 Employ concepts from the applied and engineering sciences to design and evaluate petroleum exploration and production systems. Use scientific principles in the modelling and analysis of petroleum engineering systems and processes

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B3 Show awareness of the significance of safety in design work. Critically analyse commercial risks through understanding the basis of such risks.

B4 use fundamental knowledge to investigate new and emerging technologies

B5 extract data pertinent to an unfamiliar problem, and apply in its solution using computer based tools when appropriate

B6 integrate engineering principles of a multi-disciplinary nature in order to propose solution to problems

B7 apply management and business practices appropriately

B8 produce engineering solutions which are consistent with ethical and social responsibilities

c) Students will acquire and develop practical skills such that they are able to:

C1-Use computers and current software in quantitative and analytical work, as well as general information technology for communication and data handling. Use software commercially available in the simulation of oil and gas assets management C2 -plan and manage work (both individually and in teams. Communicate effectively using appropriate media.

- C3 -Evaluate designs and systems to identify areas of potential hazard and environmental threat and propose improvements.
- C4 -Use laboratory, engineering and measuring equipment to provide data in support of theoretical understanding.
- C5- Analyse and solve engineering problems, often on the basis of limited and imperfect data. Critically apply scientific evidence based methods in the solution of problems
- C6 -apply principles of project management
- d) Students will acquire and develop transferrable skills such that they are able to:
 - D1- Demonstrate literacy and numeracy skills. Manipulate, sort and present data in forms useful for understanding. Select, interpret and validate data, identifying possible errors and inconsistencies.
 - D2-Communicate clearly the findings of experiments, projects and other assignments using written reports, oral and visual presentations.
 - D3- Work effectively in a team, recognising the roles played by different team members.

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D4- Manage own responsibilities, including time and task management.
D5- Undertake self-development and the capacity to learn
D6- Identify and solve problems in familiar and unfamiliar situations
D7- Adapt to change in the working environment.

C. Teaching and Learning Strategy

Lectures, tutorials and laboratory practicals especially at level 4will cover A1. The behaviour of systems, A2, is introduced in classes at all levels, and is a feature of project work. Project work also shows the scope of the discipline, A3.

Much of the understanding of A4 will be gained in specific modules, mainly at levels 5, 6 and 7. Statutory requirements, including safety, feature throughout the course, in practical work in particular.

Students are encouraged to attend the conferences such as those organised by the Society of Petroleum Engineers, London section. Also, invited speakers will deliver presentations at LSBU on relevant and current topics in petroleum engineering.

Most of the curriculum will support B1-B8; they are developed through lectures, individual and group problem-based work, including the final project. In private study, students will develop skills by writing laboratory reports, and tackling problems set by the tutor or in past examinations, case studies, and projects.

- (B5) is developed in computer laboratory sessions embedded in modules and projects.
- C1: Computing skills for engineering and science will be developed in practical workshops at level 4. Students also learn the principles and study the application of specialist engineering packages.
- C2, C3 will be major part of small projects embedded in some modules and in the two module projects, and students will receive guidance on application of principles studied earlier. C4 will be acquired in practical workshop and laboratory sessions.

Projects, especially the final year project will be open-ended, developing C5 and C6.

D1 is developed in laboratory practical work and design tasks; students for example obtain data from handbooks and computer databases, and use it in calculations, graphical solutions and computer applications.

D2, D3: report-writing and team-working skills are developed in laboratory and project-oriented modules throughout the course. D4-7 developed along the course.

D. Assessment

Content, knowledge and understanding is assessed through coursework, or coursework and examination, oral presentations, production of posters and a viva.

Coursework can take many forms (based on the practical or theoretical content of the module) including essays, reports, group work,, and in-class tests. Examinations normally take the form of a 2 or 3 hour unseen end-of-semester paper.

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Intellectual skills are normally assessed through formal examinations, student presentations and individual viva voce examination. Preparation of laboratory and project reports will also contribute.

C1 will be assessed through computing assignments, C2-6 as parts of the major project assessment, and C4 in the marking of laboratory reports. C5-6: projects will be marked for a critical approach to problem-solving.

A variety of assessment methods are used to assess transferable skills. These include computer laboratory exercises and simulations, oral presentations, written reports, final project. For instance: D1 is assessed in many of the written examination papers, also laboratory and project reports. Laboratory teachers give students considerable feedback on the quality of written laboratory reports, D2; students discuss this feedback with their personal tutors. The effectiveness of teamwork, D3, is assessed as an element in the major project.

E. Academic Regulations

1. Assessment regulations

Assessment regulations laid down in the current edition of the university's Academic Regulations for Taught Programmes apply to the course, subject to any exceptions noted in the text below. The following are the main provisions of the Academic Regulations.

MEng degree programmes consist of modules with a total credit value of 480 credits; a maximum of 30 credits may be at Level S. The degree with Honours requires a minimum of 90 credits at Level 6 (normally including a 30 credit project), and the unclassified degree requires a minimum of 60 credits at Level 6.

In this programme the 480 points are made up of 20 standard modules of 20 points each, a project module of 40 points (level 6) and a Group project module of 40 points (level 7). Each module is separately assessed on the basis of defined learning outcomes, either by an examination, by coursework, or by a mixture of the two.

In order to pass a module a student is required to achieve a mark of at least 40%. Where there is more than one element of assessment (e.g. course work and examination), the student must at least achieve the minimum threshold mark for each element (*normally 30%*) and the weighted average mark for all the elements must be at least 40%.

The programme is made up of 4 levels of 6 modules each. A student who passes all modules in Level 4 will be permitted to progress to Level 5. A student who passes 5 modules may, at the discretion of the Board of Examiners, still be allowed to progress provided his/her performance in the failed module meets the criteria laid down in an approved protocol. A student who is eligible to progress to Level 5 but who is unable to do so may be awarded a CertHE in Engineering.

A student who fails no more than 3 modules at Level 4 may, at the discretion of the Board of Examiners, attempt to make good the failures before the start of the next academic year and, if successful, progress to Level 5. A student who fails more than 3 modules will normally be permitted to make good the failures in the following year; in such a case the student will be required to attend the failed modules and to complete all the assessments associated with these modules. Where a student successfully makes good a failure the mark recorded for the module will be 40%.

A student who passes all modules at Level 5 will be permitted to progress to Level 6. A student who

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passes 5 modules may, at the discretion of the Board of Examiners, still be allowed to progress provided his/her performance in the failed module(s) meets the criteria laid down in an approved protocol.

A student who fails no more than 3 modules at Level 5 may, at the discretion of the Board of Examiners, attempt to make good the failures before the start of the next academic year and, if successful, to progress to Level 6. A student who fails more than 3 modules will normally be permitted to make good the failures in the following year; in such a case the student will be required to attend the failed modules and to complete all the assessments associated with these modules. Where a student successfully makes good a failure the mark recorded for the module will be 40%.

A student who is unable to progress from Level 5 to Level 6 but who has passed at least 7 modules at Levels S, 1 and 2 and also benefited from the application of a protocol to one further module may be awarded a CertHE. A student who has passed at least 14 modules at Levels S, 1 and 2 but who is unable to progress to Level 6 may be awarded a DipHE provided s/he has benefited from the application of a protocol to any failed modules.

In order to qualify for the award of a degree with Honours, a student must have passed at least 6 modules at Level 6 and a total of 14 modules from Levels 2 and 3 combined. Subject to these criteria, a student who fails 1 or 2 modules at Level 6 may, at the discretion of the Board of Examiners, still receive the award provided his/her performance in the failed module(s) meets the criteria laid down in an approved protocol.

The classification of degrees with Honours is based on the following bands:

1st Class	70%+
2nd Class (Upper Division)	60 - 69%
2nd Class (Lower Division)	50 - 59%
3rd Class	40 - 49%

The classification is determined by a weighted average of module marks at Levels 2 and 3. The six highest marks among the Level 6 modules, including the double module project, will form a weighted average mark which will contribute 80%. The best eight marks from among the Level 5 modules and the remaining Level 6 modules will form a weighted average mark which will contribute 20%.

In order to qualify for an unclassified degree, a student will be required to study a minimum of 20 modules and to pass at least 18 modules in total, including at least 4 modules at Level 6 and at least 10 modules from Levels 2 and 3 combined. A student who passes 18 or 19 modules will be eligible for the award only if s/he has benefited from the application of an approved protocol to 2 or 1 failed module(s) respectively.

2. Support for students

The University places a high priority on providing support for students. This support is provided by a combination of services, both centrally in the University and locally at the programme level. Much of the support focuses on developing students' skills to enhance their performance on the programme and to facilitate their transition to employment.

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2.1 Programme and course level support:

All students are allocated a personal tutor on initial enrolment to the course. The personal tutor is the point of contact for all matters relating to the student's welfare and progress whilst at London South Bank. The personal tutors are supported by year tutors, one for each year of the course. All tutees will meet their tutor at the start of the course.

The primary teaching contact with students, in classrooms, laboratories and workshop, is supported by print and electronic material. For their general understanding of the course, students receive a course guide and a summary of the syllabus; these are updated annually. For each module, the module leader provides a module guide. Subject tutors provide further material as appropriate, including course notes, supporting information and reprints, problem sets, assignment briefs and experiment instructions. Students have access to books in the Perry library, and may obtain copies of past exam papers.

Students on the course benefit from a number of contacts with industry and other outside bodies. A programme of industrial visits will be organised each year with the aim of introducing students to petroleum industry in the UK and enabling them to see petroleum engineering in practice.

All students are encouraged to take the industrial placement option. Students who complete placements report that the experience is invaluable in future employment. A module co-ordinator for sandwich placements will (normally) organise the placement through the teaching staffs' industrial and commercial contacts.

The major projects taken by final year degree students have strong industrial orientation. External speakers from petroleum companies are invited to visit during the year to give students an appreciation of industrial technology and practice and for example the importance of safety in petroleum (oil and gas) production.

2.2 Central support:

The University's Centre for Learning Support and Development (CLSD) aims to support students' learning and personal development. It provides a wide range of personal and academic services to students and works with other departments and faculties in the University to ensure that the services offered meet the needs of students. All services are based on the main campus in Southwark. Some services are provided in the evening. Information about all services is included on the website.

The services on offer include:

Core skills provision – classes, workshops and drop-in sessions to help students develop and enhance their academic reading and writing skills, study skills, basic maths, English language (for students whose first language is not English)

Jobshop – a service to enable students to find part-time, temporary one-off and vacation work while they are studying.

Careers guidance – drop-in sessions and interviews to discuss any aspect of career planning and taking career decisions, discuss CVs or prepare for a job interview.

Personal development and advice – advisory service to discuss personal concerns or difficulties during their programme which might affect their personal development and academic performance; support for students with disabilities including dedicated dyslexia support; chaplaincy to provide

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confidential pastoral care.

3. Quality indicators

The BEng course (three first year in common with MEng) has been accredited by the Institution of Chemical Engineers and Energy Institute as meeting the educational requirements for Chartered Engineers at BEng(Hons) level. Accreditation at MEng level will be pursued from the Energy Institute.

A course board, made up of staff and student representatives from each year of the course, meets at least once per term to discuss issues to do with learning and teaching and course developments. The course board is convened and chaired by the course director.

The course is reviewed at an annual meeting of teaching staff. The review takes into account the progression statistics for the individual modules, students' end of module questionnaires and external examiners' comments. On the basis of these, modifications to modules and the course are proposed and where necessary, submitted to the School Academic Standards Committee for approval.

The course is monitored through the annual monitoring report for Chemical and Petroleum Engineering.

F. Entry Requirements

In order to be considered for entry to the programme applicants will be required to have GCSE passes in five subjects at grade C or above including Maths and English. GCSE passes in five subjects including English Language and Mathematics. A typical offer will require 320 UCAS tariff points (including Level 6 Maths or Physical Science); A Level ABB.

International students: English language qualifications for international students: IELTS score of 6.0 or Cambridge Proficiency or Advanced Grade C.

G. Course structure

Module Code	Module Title	Level	Semester	Credit value
ENG_4_401	Engineering Mathematics and Modelling	4	1&2	20
ENG_4_402	Engineering Principles	4	1	20
ENG_4_403	Design and Practice	4	1&2	20
ENG_4_405	Engineering Computing	4	2	20
ENG_4_470	Introduction to Chemical and Petroleum Engineering	4	1	20
ENG_4_471	Engineering Principles 2	4	2	20
ENG_5_410	Advanced Engineering Mathematics and Modelling	5	1&2	20
ENG_5_415	Principles of Control	5	2	20
ENG_5_472	Fluids and Separation	5	1	20
ENG_5_473	Thermodynamics	5	1&2	20
ENG_5_481	Reservoir Engineering and Petroleum Economics	5	2	20
ENG_5_482	Geoscience, Well Drilling and Logging	5	1	20
ENG_6_476	Process Safety and Environmental	6	2	20
ENG_6_478	Advanced Fluids and Control	6	1	20
ENG_6_484	Production Engineering	6	1	20

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ENG_6_485	Reservoir Management	6	2	20
ENG_6_600	Design Project	6	1&2	40
CPE_7_RCH	Reservoir Characterisation	7	1	20
CPE_7_AEN	Advanced Production Engineering	7	2	20
EEB_7_882	Technical, Research and Professional	7	1	20
ENG_7_437	MEng Group Project	7	1&2	40
	Petroleum Economics & Oil Field	7	2	20
EAB_7_156	Management			

H. Course Modules

Module Code	Module Title	Level	Exam (%)	Course Work (%)	Core/ Optional
ENG_4_401	Engineering Mathematics and Modelling	4	50	50	Core
ENG_4_402	Engineering Principles	4	60	40	Core
ENG_4_403	Design and Practice	4	-	100	Core
ENG_4_405	Engineering Computing	4	50	50	Core
_ <u> </u>	Introduction to Chemical and Petroleum	4	60	40	Core
ENG_4_470	Engineering				
ENG_4_471	Engineering Principles 2	4	60	40	Core
	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	5	50	50	Core
ENG_5_410	and Modelling				
ENG_5_415	Principles of Control	5	70	30	Core
ENG_5_472	Fluids and Separation	5	60	40	Core
ENG_5_473	Thermodynamics	5	40	60	Core
	Reservoir Engineering and Petroleum	5	60	40	Core
ENG_5_481	Economics				
ENG_5_482	Geoscience, Well Drilling and Logging	5	60	40	Core
ENG_6_476	Process Safety and Environmental	6	70	30	Core
ENG_6_478	Advanced Fluids and Control	6	60	40	Core
ENG_6_484	Production Engineering	6	60	40	Core
ENG_6_485	Reservoir Management	6	60	40	Core
ENG_6_600	Design Project	6	-	100	Core
CPE_7_RCH	Reservoir Characterisation	7	60	40	Core
CPE_7_AEN	Advanced Production Engineering	7	70	30	Core
EEB_7_882	Technical, Research and Professional	7	-	100	Core
ENG_7_437	MEng Group Project	7	-	100	Core
EAB_7_156	Petroleum Economics & Oil Field Management	7	-	100	Core

I. Timetable information

Students will be able to access a full timetable for the course from the start of semester and will be notified of any changes.

Module	Module Title	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Computer
Code				Laboratories	Laboratories
ENG_4_401	Engineering Mathematics and Modelling	Х	x		
ENG_4_402	Engineering Principles	х	х	Х	
ENG_4_403	Design and Practice	х			Х
ENG_4_405	Engineering Computing	х			X
	Introduction to Chemical and Petroleum	Х	х		Х
ENG_4_470	Engineering				
ENG_4_471	Engineering Principles 2	х	х	Х	
	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	х	х		
ENG_5_410	and Modelling				
ENG_5_415	Principles of Control	Х	Х		

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ENG_5_472	Fluids and Separation	Х	х	Х	
ENG_5_473	Thermodynamics	х	Х	Х	
	Reservoir Engineering and Petroleum	х	Х		
ENG_5_481	Economics				
ENG_5_482	Geoscience, Well Drilling and Logging	х	Х	Х	
ENG_6_476	Process Safety and Environmental	х	Х		
ENG_6_478	Advanced Fluids and Control	х	Х		
ENG_6_484	Production Engineering	х	Х		Х
ENG_6_485	Reservoir Management	х	Х		Х
ENG_6_600	Design Project	х			Х
CPE_7_RCH	Reservoir Characterisation	х	Х		Х
CPE_7_AEN	Advanced Production Engineering	х	Х		Х
EEB_7_882	Technical, Research and Professional	х	Х		
ENG_7_437	MEng Group Project	Х			Х
	Petroleum Economics & Oil Field	Х	Х		Х
EAB_7_156	Management				

J. Costs and financial support

Course related costs

- Although all core books can be found in the library or online as free e-books, the student may wish to buy core reading material for each module. There are also costs associated with printing during the course, which are not covered.

Tuition fees/financial support/accommodation and living costs

- Information on tuition fees/financial support can be found by clicking on the following link http://www.lsbu.ac.uk/courses/undergraduate/fees-and-funding or
- http://www.lsbu.ac.uk/courses/postgraduate/fees-and-funding
- Information on living costs and accommodation can be found by clicking the following linkhttps://my.lsbu.ac.uk/my/portal/Student-Life-Centre/International-Students/Starting-at-LSBU/#expenses

List of Appendices

Appendix A: Curriculum Map

Appendix B: Educational Framework (undergraduate courses)

Appendix C: Personal Development Planning (postgraduate courses)

Appendix D: Terminology

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Appendix A: Curriculum Map

This map provides a design aid to help course teams identify where course outcomes are being developed, taught and assessed within the course. It also provides a checklist for quality assurance purposes and may be used in validation, accreditation and external examining processes. Making the learning outcomes explicit will also help students to monitor their own learning and development as the course progresses.

	Modules		Course outcomes																						
Leve I	Title	Code	A1	A2	A2 A3 A4 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5								D6	D7											
4	Engineering Mathematics and Modelling	ENG_4_401	TA D				TA D												TA D						
4	Engineering Principles	ENG_4_402	TA				TA									TA D	TA		TA D	TA D	TD				
4	Design and Practice	ENG_4_403		TA D		TD		TD A	TD A						TD A		TD A		TA D	TA D	TA D				
4	Engineering Computing	ENG_4_405	TA D				TA D							TA D					TA D	TA D					
4	Introduction to Chemical and Petroleum Engineering	ENG_4_470	TA		TA		TA	Т						TA					TA	TA	TA				
4	Engineering Principles 2	ENG_4_471	TA				TA									TA D	TA		TA D	TA D	TD				
5	Advanced Engineering Mathematics and Modelling	ENG_5_410	TA D				TA D							TA D					TA D						
5	Principles of Control	ENG_5_415	TA D	TA D			TA D	TA D						TA D					TA D	TA					
5	Fluids and Separation	ENG_5_472	TA	TD A			TA	TA						TA		TA	TA			TA	TD A				
5	Thermodynamic s and Heat Transfer	CPE_5_TH T	TA	Т			TA	TA								TA				TA	TD				
5	Reservoir Engineering and Petroleum Economics	ENG_5_481	TD A	TA	Т	TA	ТА	ТА						Т	ТА				TA	ТА				А	

5	Geoscience,																									
	Well Drilling		TD A	D	D	D	TD A	TD A	TD A							DA				TD	TD A			D A	D A	DA
	and Logging	ENG_5_482	,,				, ,	, ,	,,												,,			^	,,	
6	Process Safety		TD		TD	TD			TD							TD					TD					
	and Environmental	ENG_6_476	A		A	A	Α	DA	A							A					A				D	D
6	Advanced	ENG_0_470																								
0	Fluids and		TA	TD			TA	TD							TD						TD				TA	TD
	Control	ENG_6_478		Α				Α							Α						Α					Α
6	Production		TD	TA			TA	TA	TA						TA					DA			D	D	D	
	Engineering	ENG_6_484	Α	IA			1/4	1/4	1/4						1/4					DA						
6	Reservoir	5110 0 105	TD A	TA		TA	TA	TA							TA							TA	TA	Α	D A	DA
	Management	ENG_6_485	А					TD											TD				_	_		
6	Design Project	ENG_6_600		DA	DA	DA	DA	TD A					DA		D				TD A				D A	D A	D A	DA
7	Reservoir										TD				TD		TD									1
	Characterisatio	CPE_7_RC			DA						A				A	DA	A				DA					1
	n	Н																								
7	Advanced	ODE 7 45					TD								TD			TD						-	_	
	Production Engineering	CPE_7_AE N		TA			Α	TA	TA						Α			Α		DA			D	D	D	D
7	Technical,	11																								
'	Research and									TD	TD	TD	TD	TD									D	D	D	
	Professional	EEB_7_882								Α	Α	Α	Α	Α												
7	MEng Group			DA	DA	DA	DA	TD	DA			DA	DA		D	TD	DA			DA	DA	DA	D	D	D	
	Project	ENG_7_437		DA	DA	DA	DA	Α	DA			DA	DA		U	Α	DA			DA	DA	DA	D	D	U	
7	Petroleum																									
	Economics &					TD A							TD A	TD A	DA	DA			TD A	DA	DA	DA	D	D	D	D
	Oil Field					A							A	A					A							
	Management	EAB_7_156																								

Appendix B: Embedding the Educational Framework for Undergraduate Courses
The Educational Framework at London South Bank University is a set of principles for
curriculum design and the wider student experience that articulate our commitment to the
highest standards of academic knowledge and understanding applied to the challenges of the
wider world.

The Educational Framework reflects our status as University of the Year for Graduate Employment awarded by *The Times and The Sunday Times Good University Guide 2018* and builds on our 125 year history as a civic university committed to fostering social mobility through employability and enterprise, enabling our students to translate academic achievement into career success.

There are four key characteristics of LSBU's distinctive approach to the undergraduate curriculum and student experience:

- Develop students' professional and vocational skills through application in industrystandard facilities
- Develop our students' graduate attributes, self-awareness and behaviours aligned to our EPIIC values
- Integrate opportunities for students to develop their confidence, skills and networks into the curriculum
- Foster close relationships with employers, industry, and Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies that underpin our provision (including the opportunity for placements, internships and professional opportunities)

The dimensions of the Educational Framework for curriculum design are:

- informed by employer and industry needs as well as professional, statutory and regulatory body requirements
- embedded learning development for all students to scaffold their learning through the curriculum taking into account the specific writing and thinking requirements of the discipline/profession
- high impact pedagogies that enable the development of student professional and vocational learning through application in industry-standard or authentic workplace contexts
- inclusive teaching, learning and assessment that enables all students to access and engage the course
- assessment for learning that provides timely and formative feedback

All courses should be designed to support these five dimensions of the Educational Framework. Successful embedding of the Educational Framework requires a systematic approach to course design and delivery that conceptualises the student experience of the curriculum as a whole rather than at modular level and promotes the progressive development of understanding over the entire course. It also builds on a well-established evidence base across the sector for the pedagogic and assessment experiences that contribute to high quality learning.

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This appendix to the course specification document enables course teams to evidence how their courses meet minimum expectations, at what level where appropriate, as the basis for embedding the Educational Framework in all undergraduate provision at LSBU.

the Educational Framework Curricula informed by employer and industry need industry need industry need Educational Framework Curricula outcomes focus and professional/employer links Energy Institute, Employability Days Design & Practice, links with Energy Institute, Employability Days
Framework Curricula informed by employer and industry need Outcomes focus and professional/employer links Design & Practice, links with Energy Institute, Employability All LSBU courses will evidence the involvement of external stakeholders in the curriculum design process as well as Days
Curricula informed by employer and industry need industry
informed by employer and industry need involvement of external stakeholders in the curriculum design process as well as
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industry need involvement of external stakeholders in the curriculum design process as well as
the curriculum design process as well as
plan for the participation of employers
and/or alumni through guest lectures or
Q&A sessions, employer panels,
employer-generated case studies or
other input of expertise into the delivery
of the course provide students with
access to current workplace examples
and role models. Students should have
access to employers and/or alumni in at
least one module at level 4.
Embedded Support for transition and academic Design & Practice, Introduction
learning <u>preparedness</u> Chemical & Petroleum
development At least two modules at level 4 should Engineering
include embedded learning development
in the curriculum to support student
understanding of, and familiarity with,
disciplinary ways of thinking and
practising (e.g. analytical thinking,
academic writing, critical reading,
reflection). Where possible, learning
development will be normally integrated
into content modules rather than as
standalone modules. Other level 4
modules should reference and reinforce the learning development to aid in the
trie learning development to aid in the transfer of learning.
High impact Group-based learning experiences Design & Practice, Design Proj
pedagogies The capacity to work effectively in teams MEng Group Project
enhances learning through working with
peers and develops student outcomes,
including communication, networking
and respect for diversity of perspectives
relevant to professionalism and
inclusivity. At least one module at level
4 should include an opportunity for group
working. Group-based learning can also

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	T	
	be linked to assessment at level 4 if	
	appropriate. Consideration should be	
	given to how students are allocated to	
	groups to foster experience of diverse	
	perspectives and values.	
Inclusive	Accessible materials, resources and	All course related material is
teaching,	<u>activities</u>	provided through Moodle and the
learning and	All course materials and resources,	Perry Library
assessment	including course guides, PowerPoint	
	presentations, handouts and Moodle	
	should be provided in an accessible	
	format. For example, font type and size,	
	layout and colour as well as captioning	
	or transcripts for audio-visual materials.	
	Consideration should also be given to	
	accessibility and the availability of	
	alternative formats for reading lists.	
Assessment	Assessment and feedback to support	All level 4 Modules
for learning	attainment, progression and retention	All level 4 Modules
101 learning	-	
	Assessment is recognised as a critical	
	point for at risk students as well as	
	integral to the learning of all students.	
	Formative feedback is essential during	
	transition into university. All first	
	semester modules at level 4 should	
	include a formative or low-stakes	
	summative assessment (e.g. low	
	weighted in final outcome for the	
	module) to provide an early opportunity	
	for students to check progress and	
	receive prompt and useable feedback	
	that can feed-forward into future learning	
	and assessment. Assessment and	
	feedback communicates high	
	expectations and develops a	
	commitment to excellence.	
High impact	Research and enquiry experiences	Design & Practice, Introduction to
pedagogies	Opportunities for students to undertake	Chemical & Petroleum
	small-scale independent enquiry enable	Engineering, Design Project,
	students to understand how knowledge	MEng Group Project
	is generated and tested in the discipline	
	as well as prepare them to engage in	
	enquiry as a highly sought after outcome	
	of university study. In preparation for an	
	undergraduate dissertation at level 6,	
	courses should provide opportunities for	
	students to develop research skills at	
	level 4 and 5 and should engage with	
	level + and 5 and should engage with	

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	open-ended problems with appropriate	
	support. Research opportunities should	
	build student autonomy and are likely to	
	encourage creativity and problem-	
	solving. Dissemination of student	
	research outcomes, for example via	
	posters, presentations and reports with	
	peer review, should also be considered.	
Curricula	Authentic learning and assessment	Design & Practice, links with
informed by	tasks	Energy Institute
employer and	Live briefs, projects or equivalent	
industry need /	authentic workplace learning	
Assessment	experiences and/or assessments enable	
for learning	students, for example, to engage with	
	external clients, develop their	
	understanding through situated and	
	experiential learning in real or simulated	
	workplace contexts and deliver outputs	
	to an agreed specification and deadline.	
	Engagement with live briefs creates the	
	opportunity for the development of	
	student outcomes including excellence,	
	professionalism, integrity and	
	creativity. A live brief is likely to develop	
	research and enquiry skills and can be	
	linked to assessment if appropriate.	
Inclusive	Course content and teaching methods	Diversity and inclusivity is
teaching,	acknowledge the diversity of the student	acknowledged throughout all
learning and	cohort	modules
assessment		Modules
assessifient	An inclusive curriculum incorporates images, examples, case studies and	
	other resources from a broad range of	
	cultural and social views reflecting	
	diversity of the student cohort in terms	
	of, for example, gender, ethnicity,	
	sexuality, religious belief, socio-	
	economic background etc. This	
	commitment to inclusivity enables	
	students to recognise themselves and	
	their experiences in the curriculum as	
	well as foster understanding of other	
	viewpoints and identities.	
Curricula	Work-based learning	Placement Year
informed by	Opportunities for learning that is relevant	
employer and	to future employment or undertaken in a	
industry need	workplace setting are fundamental to	
	•	1
	developing student applied knowledge	
	developing student applied knowledge as well as developing work-relevant student outcomes such as networking,	

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	professionalism and integrity. Work-	
	based learning can take the form of work	
	experience, internships or placements	
	as well as, for example, case studies,	
	simulations and role-play in industry-	
	standards settings as relevant to the	
	course. Work-based learning can be	
	linked to assessment if appropriate.	
Embedded	Writing in the disciplines: Alternative	Design & Practice, Introduction to
learning	formats	Chemical & Petroleum
development	The development of student awareness,	Engineering, Engineering
·	understanding and mastery of the	Principles, Fluids & Separation,
	specific thinking and communication	Thermodynamics, Geoscience
	practices in the discipline is fundamental	Well Drilling Logging, Design
	to applied subject knowledge. This	Project, Technical Research &
	involves explicitly defining the features of	Professional, MEng Group Project
	. , ,	Froiessional, METIG Group Froject
	disciplinary thinking and practices,	
	finding opportunities to scaffold student	
	attempts to adopt these ways of thinking	
	and practising and providing	
	opportunities to receive formative	
	feedback on this. A writing in the	
	disciplines approach recognises that	
	writing is not a discrete representation of	
	knowledge but integral to the process of	
	knowing and understanding in the	
	discipline. It is expected that assessment	
	utilises formats that are recognisable	
	and applicable to those working in the	
	profession. For example, project report,	
	presentation, poster, lab or field report,	
	journal or professional article, position	
	paper, case report, handbook, exhibition	
	guide.	
Lligh inspire	Multi dispissione intendisciplicano	Dagina 9 Dugatian
High impact	Multi-disciplinary, interdisciplinary or	Design & Practice
pedagogies	interprofessional group-based learning	
	<u>experiences</u>	
	Building on experience of group working	
	at level 4, at level 5 students should be	
	provided with the opportunity to work	
	and manage more complex tasks in	
	groups that work across traditional	
	disciplinary and professional boundaries	
	and reflecting interprofessional work-	
	place settings. Learning in multi- or	
	interdisciplinary groups creates the	
	opportunity for the development of	
	student outcomes including inclusivity,	
	student outcomes including inclusivity,	

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	communication and networking.	
Assessment	Variation of assessment	Variation in assessment is
for learning	An inclusive approach to curriculum	provided throughout all modules
3	recognises diversity and seeks to create	7
	a learning environment that enables	
	equal opportunities for learning for all	
	students and does not give those with a	
	particular prior qualification (e.g. A-level	
	or BTEC) an advantage or	
	disadvantage. An holistic assessment	
	strategy should provide opportunities for	
	all students to be able to demonstrate	
	achievement of learning outcomes in	
	different ways throughout the course.	
	This may be by offering alternate	
	assessment tasks at the same	
	assessment point, for example either a	
	written or oral assessment, or by offering	
	a range of different assessment tasks	
	across the curriculum.	
Curricula	Career management skills	Links with the Energy Institute,
informed by	Courses should provide support for the	Employability Days
employer and	development of career management	
industry need	skills that enable student to be familiar	
	with and understand relevant industries	
	or professions, be able to build on work- related learning opportunities,	
	understand the role of self-appraisal and	
	planning for lifelong learning in career	
	development, develop resilience and	
	manage the career building process.	
	This should be designed to inform the	
	development of excellence and	
0	professionalism.	D : D : . ME 0
Curricula	Capstone project/dissertation	Design Project, MEng Group
informed by	The level 6 project or dissertation is a	Project
employer and	critical point for the integration and	
industry need /	synthesis of knowledge and skills from	
Assessment	across the course. It also provides an	
for learning /	important transition into employment if	
High impact	the assessment is authentic, industry-	
pedagogies	facing or client-driven. It is	
	recommended that this is a capstone	
	experience, bringing together all learning	
	across the course and creates the	
	opportunity for the development of	
	student outcomes including	
	professionalism, integrity and	
	creativity.	
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Appendix C: Personal Development Planning

Personal Development Planning (PDP) is a structured process by which an individual reflects upon their own learning, performance and/or achievement and identifies ways in which they might improve themselves academically and more broadly. Course teams are asked to indicate where/how in the course/across the modules this process is supported.

Approach to PDP	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level M
1 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through the personal tutor system.	Personal Tutor scheme embedded in Design & Practice module	Continuation of personal tutor	Continuation of personal tutor	Continuation of personal tutor
2 Supporting the development and recognition of skills in academic modules/modules.	Design & Practice module	Laboratory and computer based modules	Design Project	Group Project
3 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through purpose designed modules/modules.	Design & Practice module	Laboratory and computer based modules	Design Project	Group Project
4 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through research projects and dissertations work.	Design & Practice	Geology and Drilling	Design Project Research.	Group Project research
5 Supporting the development and recognition of career management skills.	Introduction Chemical and Petroleum Engineering	Reservoir and petroleum economics	Design Project Innovation & Enterprise. SPE talks	Group Project. Petroleum Economics and Oil field Mngmt.
6 Supporting the development and recognition of career management skills through work placements or work experience.				Group Project
7 Supporting the development of skills by recognising that they can be developed through extra curricula activities.		Geology and Drilling: Field Trip	SPE Seminars attendance.	
8 Supporting the development of the skills and attitudes as a basis for continuing professional development.			Design Project, SPE talks	Group Project. Petroleum Economics and Oil field Mngmt. SPE talks
9 Other approaches to personal development planning.			Design Project	
10 The means by which self- reflection, evaluation and planned development is supported e.g. electronic or paper-based learning log or diary.	Design & Practice		Design Project	Group Project

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Appendix D: Terminology

awarding body	a UK higher education provider (typically a university) with the power to award higher
	education qualifications such as degrees
bursary	a financial award made to students to support their studies; sometimes used interchangeably with 'scholarship'
collaborative provision	a formal arrangement between a degree-awarding body and a partner organisation, allowing for the latter to provide higher education on behalf of the former
compulsory module	a module that students are required to take
contact hours	the time allocated to direct contact between a student and a member of staff through, for example, timetabled lectures, seminars and tutorials
coursework	student work that contributes towards the final result but is not assessed by written examination
current students	students enrolled on a course who have not yet completed their studies or been awarded their qualification
delivery organisation	an organisation that delivers learning opportunities on behalf of a degree-awarding body
distance-learning course	a course of study that does not involve face-to-face contact between students and tutors
extracurricular	activities undertaken by students outside their studies
feedback (on assessment)	advice to students following their completion of a piece of assessed or examined work
formative assessment	a type of assessment designed to help students learn more effectively, to progress in their studies and to prepare for summative assessment; formative assessment does not contribute to the final mark, grade or class of degree awarded to students

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higher education provider	organisations that deliver higher education
independent learning	learning that occurs outside the classroom that might include preparation for scheduled sessions, follow-up work, wider reading or practice, completion of assessment tasks, or revision
intensity of study	the time taken to complete a part-time course compared to the equivalent full-time version: for example, half-time study would equate to 0.5 intensity of study
lecture	a presentation or talk on a particular topic; in general lectures involve larger groups of students than seminars and tutorials
learning zone	a flexible student space that supports independent and social earning
material information	information students need to make an informed decision, such as about what and where to study
mode of study	different ways of studying, such as full-time, part-time, e-learning or work-based learning
modular course	a course delivered using modules
module	a self-contained, formally structured unit of study, with a coherent and explicit set of learning outcomes and assessment criteria; some providers use the word 'course' or 'course unit' to refer to individual modules
national teaching fellowship	a national award for individuals who have made an outstanding impact on student learning and the teaching profession
navigability (of websites)	the ease with which users can obtain the information they require from a website
optional module	a module or course unit that students choose to take
performance (examinations)	a type of examination used in performance- based subjects such as drama and music
professional body	an organisation that oversees the activities of a particular profession and represents the interests of its members
prospective student	those applying or considering applying for any programme, at any level and employing any mode of study, with a higher education provider

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regulated course	a course that is regulated by a regulatory body
regulatory body	an organisation recognised by government as being responsible for the regulation or approval of a particular range of issues and activities
scholarship	a type of bursary that recognises academic achievement and potential, and which is sometimes used interchangeably with 'bursary'
semester	either of the parts of an academic year that is divided into two for purposes of teaching and assessment (in contrast to division into terms)
seminar	seminars generally involve smaller numbers than lectures and enable students to engage in discussion of a particular topic and/or to explore it in more detail than might be covered in a lecture
summative assessment	formal assessment of students' work, contributing to the final result
term	any of the parts of an academic year that is divided into three or more for purposes of teaching and assessment (in contrast to division into semesters)
total study time	the total time required to study a module, unit or course, including all class contact, independent learning, revision and assessment
tutorial	one-to-one or small group supervision, feedback or detailed discussion on a particular topic or project
work/study placement	a planned period of experience outside the institution (for example, in a workplace or at another higher education institution) to help students develop particular skills, knowledge or understanding as part of their course
workload	see 'total study time'
written examination	a question or set of questions relating to a particular area of study to which candidates write answers usually (but not always) under timed conditions

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